THE BRAIN: UNDERSTANDING NEUROBIOLOGY THROUGH THE STUDY OF ADDICTION

Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Science Processes and Inquiry				
Lesson	Standard	Description		
2, 3, 4	1.1	Identify qualitative and quantitative changes in cells, organisms, populations, and ecosystems given conditions (e.g., temperature, mass, volume, time, position, length, quantity) before, during, and after an event.		
3	1.2	Use appropriate tools (e.g., microscope, pipette, metric ruler, graduated cylinder, thermometer, balances, stopwatches) when measuring cells, organisms, populations, and ecosystems.		
3	1.3	Use appropriate System International (SI) units (i.e., grams, meters, liters, degrees Celsius, and seconds); and SI prefixes (i.e., micro-, milli-, centi-, and kilo-) when measuring cells, organisms, populations, and ecosystems.		
3, 4	3.1	Evaluate the design of a biology laboratory investigation.		
3, 4	3.2	Identify the independent variables, dependent variables, and controls in an experiment.		
3, 4	3.3	Use mathematics to show relationships within a given set of observations (e.g., population studies, biomass, probability).		
3, 4	3.4	Identify a hypothesis for a given problem in biology investigations.		
3	3.5	Recognize potential hazards and practice safety procedures in all biology activities.		
3, 4	4.1	Select appropriate predictions based on previously observed patterns of evidence.		
1, 2, 3, 4	4.2	Report data in an appropriate manner.		
1, 2, 3, 4	4.3	Interpret data tables, line, bar, trend, and/or circle graphs.		
3, 4	4.4	Accept or reject hypotheses when given results of a biological investigation.		
2, 3, 4	4.5	Evaluate experimental data to draw the most logical conclusion.		
3, 4	4.6	Prepare a written report describing the sequence, results, and interpretation of a biological investigation or event.		
All lessons	4.7	Communicate or defend scientific thinking that results in conclusions.		
2, 3, 4	4.8	Identify and/or create an appropriate graph or chart from collected data, tables, or written description (e.g., population studies, plant growth, heart rate).		
2, 4	5.1	Interpret a biological model which explains a given set of observations.		
4	5.2	Select predictions based on models such as pedigrees, life cycles, energy pyramids.		
2, 4	5.3	Compare a given model to the living world.		

05/2006 Source: http://www.sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultns.html

3, 4	6.1	Formulate a testable hypothesis and design an appropriate experiment relating to the living world.	
3, 4	6.2	Design and conduct biological investigations in which variables are identified and controlled.	
1, 3, 4	6.3	Use a variety of technologies, such as hand tools, microscopes, measuring instruments, and computers to collect analyze, and display data.	
2, 3, 4	6.4	Inquiries should lead to the formulation of explanations or models (physical, conceptual, and mathematical). In answering questions, students should engage in discussions (based on scientific knowledge, the use of logic, and evidence from the investigation) and arguments that encourage the revision of their explanations, leading to further inquiry.	
		Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Biology	
Lesson	Standard	Description	
2	1.1	Cells are composed of a variety of structures such as the nucleus, cell membrane, cell wall, cytoplasm, ribosomes, mitochondria, and chloroplasts.	
1, 2	1.2	Cells can differentiate and may develop into complex multicellular organisms (i.e., cells, tissues, organs, organ systems, organisms).	
2	2.1	Cells function according to the information contained in the master code of DNA (i.e., cell cycle, DNA to DNA, and DNA to RNA).	
2, 4	3.2	Species acquire many of their unique characteristics through biological adaptation, which involves the selection of naturally occurring variations in populations. Biological adaptations include changes in structures, behaviors, or physiology, which may enhance or limit the survival and reproductive success in a particular environment.	
1, 2	6.1	Specialized cells enable organisms to monitor what is going on in the world around them (e.g., detect light, sound, specific chemicals, gravity, plant tropism, sense organs, homeostasis).	
All lessons	6.2	Responses to external stimuli can result from interactions with the organism's own species and others, as well as environmental changes; these responses either can be innate or learned. Broad patterns of behavior exhibited by animals have changed over time to ensure reproductive success.	
Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Mathematics Process Standards			
Lesson	Standard	Description	
3, 4	1.1	Apply a wide variety of problem-solving strategies (identify a pattern, use equivalent representations) to solve problems from within and outside mathematics.	
3, 4	1.2	Identify the problem from a described situation, determine the necessary data and apply appropriate problem-	

05/2006 Source: http://www.sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultns.html

		solving strategies.	
3, 4	2.1	Use mathematical language and symbols to read and write mathematics and to converse with others.	
3, 4	2.2	Demonstrate mathematical ideas orally and in writing.	
3,4	3.1	Use various types of logical reasoning in mathematical contexts and real-world situations.	
3, 4	4.1	Link mathematical ideas to the real world (e.g., statistics helps qualify the confidence we can have when drawing conclusions based on a sample).	
3, 4	4.2	Apply mathematical problem-solving skills to other disciplines.	
3, 4	4.3	Use mathematics to solve problems encountered in daily life.	
3, 4	5.1	Use algebraic, graphic, and numeric representations to model and interpret mathematical and real-world situations.	
3, 4	5.2	Use a variety of mathematical representations as tools for organizing, recording, and communicating mathematical ideas (e.g., mathematical models, tables, graphs, spreadsheets).	
Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Algebra I			
Lesson	Standard	Description	
3, 4	3.1.a	Translate from one representation of data to another and understand that the data can be represented using a variety of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages.	
3, 4	3.1.a 3.1.b		
<u> </u>		of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages.	
<u> </u>		of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts.	
1, 2, 3, 4	3.1.b	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10	
1, 2, 3, 4 Lesson	3.1.b Standard	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10 Description Draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions, and support them with text evidence and	
1, 2, 3, 4 Lesson All lessons	3.1.b Standard 2.2.b	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10 Description Draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions, and support them with text evidence and personal experience. (Reading)	
1, 2, 3, 4 Lesson All lessons All lessons	3.1.b Standard 2.2.b 4.1.a	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10 Description Draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions, and support them with text evidence and personal experience. (Reading) Access information from a variety of primary and secondary sources. (Reading)	
1, 2, 3, 4 Lesson All lessons All lessons	3.1.b Standard 2.2.b 4.1.a 4.2.a	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10 Description Draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions, and support them with text evidence and personal experience. (Reading) Access information from a variety of primary and secondary sources. (Reading) Summarize, paraphrase, and/or quote relevant information. (Reading) Synthesize information from multiple sources to draw conclusions that go beyond those found in any of the	
1, 2, 3, 4 Lesson All lessons All lessons All lessons	3.1.b Standard 2.2.b 4.1.a 4.2.a 4.2.c	of tables, graphs, or symbols and that different modes of representation often convey different messages. Make valid inferences, predictions, and/or arguments based on data from graphs, tables, and charts. Oklahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Language Arts – Grade 10 Description Draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions, and support them with text evidence and personal experience. (Reading) Access information from a variety of primary and secondary sources. (Reading) Summarize, paraphrase, and/or quote relevant information. (Reading) Synthesize information from multiple sources to draw conclusions that go beyond those found in any of the individual studies. (Reading)	

05/2006 Source: http://www.sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultns.html

All lessons	1.5	Use a variety of sentence structures, types, and lengths to contribute to fluency and interest. (Writing)
All lessons	2.2.a	Write expository compositions, including analytical essays and research reports that: include evidence in support of a thesis (position on the topic) including information on all relevant perspectives.
1, 2, 3, 4	2.2.e	Write expository compositions, including analytical essays and research reports that: include visual aids using technology to organize and record information on charts, data tables, maps, and graphs. (Writing)
All lessons	2.2.g	Write expository compositions, including analytical essays and research reports that: use technical terms and notations accurately. (Writing)
All lessons	2.8	Write for different purposes and audiences, adjusting tone, style, and voice as appropriate and continue to produce other writing forms introduced in earlier grades. (Writing)
All lessons	1.1	Engage in critical, empathetic, appreciative, and reflective listening to interpret, respond, and evaluate speaker's messages. (Listening)
All lessons	1.3	Evaluate informative and persuasive presentations of peers, public figures, and media presentations. (Listening)
All lessons	2.1	Use formal, informal, standard, and technical language effectively to meet the needs of purpose, audience, occasion, and task. (Speaking)
All lessons	2.2	Prepare, organize, and present a variety of informative and persuasive messages effectively. (Speaking)
		1 , 5 , 1
		klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12
Lesson		
Lesson 1, 2, 3	O	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12
	O Standard	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12 Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune,
1, 2, 3	Standard 1.3	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12 Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal.
1, 2, 3 1, 3, 4, 5	0 Standard 1.3 1.4	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12 Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal. Analyze how behavior can impact health maintenance and disease prevention.
1, 2, 3 1, 3, 4, 5 1, 3, 4, 5	1.3 1.4 1.5	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12 Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal. Analyze how behavior can impact health maintenance and disease prevention. Describe the impact of personal health behaviors and their influence on the health of individuals.
1, 2, 3 1, 3, 4, 5 1, 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5	1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal. Analyze how behavior can impact health maintenance and disease prevention. Describe the impact of personal health behaviors and their influence on the health of individuals. Analyze how the prevention and control of health problems are influenced by research and medical advances.
1, 2, 3 1, 3, 4, 5 1, 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5	1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.1	klahoma Priority Academic Student Skills – Health and Safety Literacy – Grades 9 - 12 Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal. Analyze how behavior can impact health maintenance and disease prevention. Describe the impact of personal health behaviors and their influence on the health of individuals. Analyze how the prevention and control of health problems are influenced by research and medical advances. Identify sources of accurate information regarding health and safety information, products, and services.
1, 2, 3 1, 3, 4, 5 1, 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5 3, 4, 5	1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 2.1 2.4	Description Describe the structure and function of the body systems: circulatory, digestive, endocrine, excretory, immune, muscular, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, and skeletal. Analyze how behavior can impact health maintenance and disease prevention. Describe the impact of personal health behaviors and their influence on the health of individuals. Analyze how the prevention and control of health problems are influenced by research and medical advances. Identify sources of accurate information regarding health and safety information, products, and services. Evaluate factors that influence personal choices of health products and services.

05/2006 Source: http://www.sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultns.html

- 4

OKLAHOMA ALIGNMENT FOR NIH SUPPLEMENT THE BRAIN: UNDERSTANDING NEUROBIOLOGY THROUGH THE STUDY OF ADDICTION

3, 4, 5	5.3	Demonstrate the ability to utilize various strategies when making decisions related to health needs and risks of young adults.
3, 4, 5	6.2	Demonstrate the ability to influence and support others in positive health and safety choices.
3, 4, 5	6.4	Utilize strategies to overcome barriers in communicating information, ideas, feelings, and opinions concerning health and safety issues.

05/2006 Source: http://www.sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultns.html
B. Houtz